

CONTROL TEST

PARTNERSHIP ACTS OR LIMITED PARTNERSHIP ACTS

Alta.	B.C.	Sask.	Man.	Ont.	Nfld.	N.B.	N.S.	P.E.I.	N.W.T.	Yukon
RSA 1980 c.P-2 s. 63	RSBC 1996 c.348, s.64	RSS 1978 c.P-3, s. 64	RSM 1987 c.P-30, s.63(1)	RSO 1990 Chap. L.16 s.13(1)	RSN 1990 Chap. L-17 S.16	RSNB 1976 Chap. L-9.1 s.17(1)	RSNS 1989 Chap. 259 s. 17	RSPEI 1988 Chap. L-13 s. 12(1)	RSNWT 1988 c.P-1, s. 70	RSY 1986 c.127, s.63
"A limited partner does not become liable as a general partners unless, in addition to exercising his rights and powers as a limited partner, he takes part in the control of the business."	"A limited partner is not liable as a general partner unless he or she takes part in the management of the business."	"A limited partner is not liable as a general partner unless, in addition to exercising his rights and powers as a limited partner, he takes part in the control of the business."	"Where a limited partner takes an active part in the business of the partnership, he is liable as if he were a general partner, to any person with whom he deals on behalf of the partnership and who does not know that he is a limited partner for all debts of the partnership."	"A limited partner is not liable as a general partner unless, in addition to exercising rights and powers as a limited partner, the limited partner takes part in the control of the business."	"A limited partner does not become liable as a general partner unless, in addition to exercising his or her rights and powers as a limited partner, he or she takes part in the control of the business."	"A limited partner is not liable as a general partner unless, in addition to exercising his rights and powers as a limited partner, he takes part in the control of the business."	"A limited partner does not become liable as a general partner unless, in addition to exercising his rights and powers as a limited partner, he takes part in the control of the business."	"A limited partner is not liable as a general partner unless, in addition to exercising his rights and powers as a limited partner, he takes part in the control of the business."	"A limited partner does not become liable as a general partner unless, in addition to exercising his or her rights and powers as a limited partner, the limited partner takes part in the control of the business."	"A limited partner is not liable as a general partner unless he takes part in the management of the business."